Financial Report June 30, 2022

Contents

Independent auditor's report	1-2
Financial statements	
Statements of financial position	3
Statements of activities	4-5
Statements of cash flows	6
Notes to financial statements	7-22

Independent Auditor's Report

Audit Committee Chancery Offices of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Chancery Offices of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas (the Chancery), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Chancery Offices of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Chancery and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Chancery Offices of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas' ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Chancery Offices of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas' internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Chancery Offices of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

RSM US LLP

Kansas City, Missouri October 7, 2022

Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022	2021
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36	,213,758	\$ 36,145,796
Investments	20	,826,460	12,320,305
Accrued interest receivable		52,278	1,479
Accounts receivable, net	4	,091,708	4,419,481
Pledges receivable, net	6	,631,281	12,827,568
Prepaid expenses		462,728	445,997
nterest in net assets of the Catholic Foundation of			
Northeast Kansas	8	,629,260	10,296,819
Due from Deposit and Loan Fund		100,000	135,000
and, buildings and equipment, net	12	2,020,764	12,238,667
Total assets	\$ 89	,028,237	\$ 88,831,112
iabilities and Net Assets			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1	,519,704	\$ 1,821,865
Due to Lay and Priest Retirement Trust Fund		7,422	2,004
Accrued IBNR claims	1	,750,000	1,750,000
Collections held for transmittal		150,024	54,340
Deferred revenue		561,188	540,688
Total liabilities	3	,988,338	4,168,897
let assets:			
Without donor restrictions:			
Undesignated	19	,423,629	19,342,503
Undesignated—endowments		1,671	27,877
Designated	41	,282,119	36,242,559
Total net assets without donor restrictions	·	,707,419	55,612,939
With donor restrictions	24	,332,480	29,049,276
Total net assets	85	5,039,899	84,662,215
Total liabilities and net assets	_\$ 89	,028,237	\$ 88,831,112

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenues:			
Archbishop's Call to Share	\$ 6,889,377	\$ - \$	6,889,377
One Faith Capital Campaign	-	1,062,649	1,062,649
Archdiocesan collections	-	2,068,000	2,068,000
Archdiocesan assessments	5,543,676	-	5,543,676
Health and dental plan premiums	25,291,011	-	25,291,011
Property and liability insurance	1,363,291	-	1,363,291
Contributions and bequests	906,242	869,774	1,776,016
Investment loss	(927,003)	-	(927,003)
Change in net assets of the Catholic Foundation of Northeast Kansas	(22,950)	(1,435,774)	(1,458,724)
Other revenue:			
Conversion	690,375	-	690,375
Evangelization	1,203,311	81,500	1,284,811
Education	1,785,368		1,785,368
Outreach	341,854	6,029,598	6,371,452
Stewardship	1,316,651	35,013	1,351,664
Administration	362,373	-	362,373
Gain on disposal of land, building and equipment	3,739,515	-	3,739,515
Net assets released from restrictions	13,427,556	(13,427,556)	-
Total revenues	61,910,647	(4,716,796)	57,193,851
Expenses: Pastoral priorities:			
Conversion	3,005,852	-	3,005,852
Evangelization	2,709,448	-	2,709,448
Education	6,403,033	-	6,403,033
Outreach	5,455,372	-	5,455,372
Stewardship	12,634,375	-	12,634,375
Total ministry and program services	30,208,080	-	30,208,080
Supporting services:			
Administrative	1,945,521	-	1,945,521
Other:			
Property and liability insurance	1,017,100	-	1,017,100
Special reserve fund	197,213	-	197,213
Health and dental care expense	23,448,253	-	23,448,253
Total supporting services	26,608,087	-	26,608,087
Total expenses	56,816,167	-	56,816,167
Increase (decrease) in net assets	5,094,480	(4,716,796)	377,684
Net assets, beginning of year	55,612,939	29,049,276	84,662,215
Net assets, end of year	\$ 60,707,419	\$ 24,332,480 \$	85,039,899

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenues:			
Archbishop's Call to Share	\$ 5,740,261	\$ - 9	-, -, -
One Faith Capital Campaign	-	5,296,467	5,296,467
Archdiocesan collections	-	2,248,001	2,248,001
Archdiocesan assessments	5,504,043	-	5,504,043
Health and dental plan premiums	26,130,273	-	26,130,273
Property and liability insurance	1,301,471	-	1,301,471
Contributions and bequests	718,250	1,231,753	1,950,003
Investment income	974,893	-	974,893
Change in net assets of the Catholic Foundation of Northeast Kansas	(31,282)	1,920,608	1,889,326
Other revenue:			
Conversion	458,126	-	458,126
Evangelization	712,810	125,100	837,910
Education	1,613,590	-	1,613,590
Outreach	43,340	67,208	110,548
Stewardship	1,282,969	21,663	1,304,632
Administration	506,606	-	506,606
Gain on forgiveness of debt	2,981,815	_	2,981,815
Net assets released from restrictions	27,932,755	(27,932,755)	2,001,010
Total revenues	75,869,920	(17,021,955)	58,847,965
Expenses: Pastoral priorities:			
Conversion	2,603,371		2,603,371
Evangelization	2,118,182	-	2,118,182
Education		-	
Outreach	6,285,433	-	6,285,433
	2,617,187	-	2,617,187
Stewardship	23,749,807	-	23,749,807
Total ministry and program services	37,373,980	-	37,373,980
Supporting services:			
Administrative	1,941,637	-	1,941,637
Other:			
Property and liability insurance	762,571	-	762,571
Special reserve fund	24,915	-	24,915
Health and dental care expense	24,540,373	-	24,540,373
Total supporting services	27,269,496	-	27,269,496
Total expenses	64,643,476	-	64,643,476
Increase (decrease) in net assets	11,226,444	(17,021,955)	(5,795,511)
Net assets, beginning of year	44,386,495	46,071,231	90,457,726
Net assets, end of year	\$ 55,612,939	\$ 29,049,276	84,662,215

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$ 377,684 \$	(5,795,511)
Adjustments to reconcile increase (decrease) in net assets to net cash provided by		
(used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	623,368	742,004
Change in allowance for accounts and pledges receivable	(245,387)	196,109
Increase (decrease) of pledge discount	19,828	(284,997)
Realized gain on sale of investments	(226,041)	(180,406)
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments	1,610,053	(570,030)
Gain on forgiveness of debt	-	(2,981,815)
Decrease (increase) in fair value of investments held at the Catholic Foundation of		
Northeast Kansas	1,435,427	(1,913,342)
Gain on sale of land, building and equipment	(3,739,515)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	18,618	(65,687)
Pledges receivable, net	6,731,001	7,413,917
Accrued interest receivable	(50,799)	14,867
Prepaid expenses	(16,731)	(67,436)
Due from Deposit and Loan Fund	35,000	115,000
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(302,161)	(51,610)
Due to Lay and Priest Retirement Trust Fund	5,418	4,183
Pledges payable	-	(16,666)
Collections held for transmittal	95,684	2,629
Deferred revenue	20,500	71,995
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	6,391,947	(3,366,796)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales of land, buildings and equipment	3,741,059	-
Purchases of land, buildings and equipment	(407,009)	(369,531)
Purchases of investments	(17,804,253)	(3,332,483)
Proceeds from sale of investments	7,914,086	7,129,447
Net withdrawals (contributions) in interest in Catholic Foundation of Northeast Kansas	232,132	(224,814)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(6,323,985)	3,202,619
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from borrowings on long-term debt	-	1,556,115
Net cash provided by financing activities	-	1,556,115
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	67,962	1,391,938
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of year	 36,145,796	34,753,858
End of year	\$ 36,213,758 \$	36,145,796

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of activities: The accompanying financial statements of the Chancery Offices of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas (the Chancery) include the assets, liabilities, net assets and financial activities of chancery offices that are fiscally responsible to the Archbishop of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas (the Archdiocese). The Archdiocese consists of 21 counties in northeastern Kansas.

The accompanying financial statements exclude the accounting of other activities of the Archdiocese, such as the following: parishes, schools, cemeteries, homes, campus centers, Catholic Charities, foundations, retirement plans, regional offices, etc., or assets, liabilities and guarantees of organizations for which the Archbishop is responsible. These activities may or may not be separately incorporated under civil law; however, each is a distinct operating entity and maintains separate accounting records on its services and programs.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the Chancery:

Basis of presentation: The accompanying financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The Chancery presents its financial statements based on Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 958, Presentation of Financial Statements.

The net assets without donor restrictions of the Chancery include undesignated net assets, which are available for any purpose, and designated net assets, which have been designated by the Archbishop for specific purposes. The net assets with donor restrictions are those that are stipulated by donors for specific operating purposes or time periods or are those whose use by the Chancery is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that neither expire by passage of time nor can be fulfilled or otherwise removed by actions of the Chancery.

Net assets without and with donor-restricted revenue and support: Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Chancery that is, in substance, unconditional.

Contributions received are recorded as without donor restrictions or with donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions.

Donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions. These net assets are either time-restricted or purpose-restricted.

When a restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished), net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. However, if a restriction is fulfilled in the same time period in which the contribution is received, the Chancery reports the support as without donor restrictions.

The Chancery generates revenue from other sources of support, primarily health and dental plan premium income and archdiocesan assessments. The health and dental plan premiums and archdiocesan assessments are billed monthly to the various parishes, schools, cemeteries, and other organizations for which the Archbishop is responsible and recognized at a point in time as the services are provided.

Cash and cash equivalents: For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Chancery considers all unrestricted highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments: Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value of publicly traded debt and equity securities is determined by quoted market prices. Fair value of mutual funds is determined by quoted market prices or the value of the underlying assets within the fund. Fair value of alternative investments is estimated using net asset value (NAV) per share. See Note 3 for a discussion of fair value measurements.

Accounts receivable: The Chancery has elected to use the reserve method in accounting for bad debts. Under this method, all uncollectible accounts are charged to the allowance account and the bad debt expense is determined by adjusting the balance in the allowance account to a reserve considered reasonable by management based upon factors and circumstances of individual accounts.

Interest is not charged on past-due accounts receivable. Accounts are past due after 365 days. Accounts that are considered uncollectible are charged off to bad debt expense.

Pledges receivable: Unconditional promises to give, less a present value discount and an allowance for uncollectible amounts, are recognized as revenues or gains in the period received and as assets, decreases of liabilities or expenses, depending on the form of the benefits received. Conditional promises to give with a measurable performance barrier or other barrier and right of return or release of funds are recognized as revenue when the donor's conditions are substantially met.

Land, buildings and equipment: Land, buildings and equipment, including capitalized software, are carried at cost, or at fair value if donated. Major renewals and betterments are capitalized, and maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the life of the respective assets are charged against earnings in the current period.

Depreciation includes amortization related to capitalized software and is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Interest in net assets of the Catholic Foundation of Northeast Kansas: The Chancery has assets that are held as endowments with the Catholic Foundation of Northeast Kansas (CFNEK). These are recorded at the fair value of the underlying assets in the endowments.

Deferred revenue: Subscriptions for *The Leaven* renew annually on the first of October. The deferred revenue from *The Leaven* is that portion of subscription income attributable to the July, August and September issues that has not been earned as of the fiscal year-end.

Accrued incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims: The Chancery administers self-insured insurance plans for participating employers in the Archdiocese. Accrued insurance claims consist of reported claims and incurred but not reported claims. The accrual consists of any probable losses and losses that can be reasonably estimated based upon statistical and historical experiences.

Income taxes: The Chancery is exempt from federal income tax under provisions of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements. In addition, the Chancery qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under section 509(a)(2).

Uncertain tax provisions, if any, are recorded in accordance with ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes, which requires the recognition of a liability for tax positions taken that do not meet the more-likely-than-not standard that the position will be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities. There is no liability for uncertain tax positions recorded at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fundraising costs: The Chancery expenses fundraising costs as incurred. Total expense for fundraising for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was \$848,890 and \$1,211,388, respectively.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Functional allocation of expenses: The Chancery's expenses have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Costs are directly allocated to functional categories where a clear relationship exists. Other costs incurred at the Chancery are allocated among specific programs, administrative and other categories, directly where such relationship is clear and indirectly based on time studies and other ratable allocation methods.

Recent accounting pronouncement: In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in ASC Topic 840, Leases. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities. The new standard is effective for fiscal year 2023. The Chancery is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of the new standard on the financial statements.

Note 2. Liquidity and Availability of Resources

The Chancery strives to maintain liquidity at a level necessary to fund grant commitments and ongoing operational needs. Excess liquidity is generally invested in short-term, low-risk investments to maximize return while maintaining the shorter duration needed for flexibility to meet both planned and unplanned needs. The table below represents the Chancery's financial assets (total assets less prepaid expenses and land, buildings and equipment, net) available to meet the annual operating needs within one year of the statement of financial position date:

	2022	2021
Financial assets Less those unavailable for general expenditures within one	\$ 76,544,745	\$ 76,146,448
year, due to:		
Contractual or donor-imposed restrictions	24,332,480	29,049,276
Board designations:		
Quasi-endowment fund, primarily for long-term investing	15,355,380	12,991,660
Amounts set aside for reserve for health and dental	10,104,953	8,262,176
Archbishop's Call to Share	7,366,764	6,876,638
Special reserve fund	4,777,871	4,975,085
Other designations	3,677,151	3,137,000
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	\$ 10,930,146	\$ 10,854,613

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Liquidity and Availability of Resources (Continued)

The Chancery has various sources of liquidity at its disposal, including cash and cash equivalents, investments, accounts and pledges receivable, other current assets and line of credit. See Note 7 for information about the Chancery's line of credit.

Note 3. Fair Value Measurements

The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures topic of the ASC defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants and requires the use of valuation techniques that are consistent with the market approach, the income approach and/or the cost approach. Inputs to valuation techniques refer to the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Inputs may be observable, meaning those that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from independent sources, or unobservable, meaning those that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. In that regard, the topic establishes fair value hierarchy for valuation inputs that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the topic are described below:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation of other means

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair market value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Assets recorded at fair value on a recurring basis: A description of the valuation methodologies used for assets on a recurring basis is set forth below:

Investments: Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities would include highly liquid government bonds and exchange traded equities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flow. Level 2 securities would include U.S. agency securities, mortgage-backed agency securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions, and certain corporate, asset-backed and other securities. In certain cases where there is limited activity or transparency around inputs to the valuation including alternative investments, securities are classified with the Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy.

Alternative investments: The Chancery reports the fair value of alternative investments using the practical expedient. The practical expedient allows for the use of NAV, either as reported by the investee fund or as adjusted by the Chancery based on various factors. Annually, the NAV from the respective funds' audited financial statements as of December 31 is adjusted to the Chancery's year-end of June 30 for capital calls, proceeds from distributions, and gains and losses that are included in earnings and recorded on the Chancery's statements of activities.

Interest in net assets of the Catholic Foundation of Northeast Kansas: The Chancery has assets that are held as endowments with CFNEK. CFNEK's investments are classified as Levels 1 and 2; therefore, since the Chancery's investment is in CFNEK, not individual investments, all of the Chancery's investment in CFNEK is classified as Level 3.

The following tables summarize assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, segregated by the level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value:

	June 30, 2022							
		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments:								
Fixed-income securities:								
US Treasuries	\$	9,969,453	\$	9,969,453	\$	-	\$	-
Equity securities, common stock:								
Consumer discretionary		2,920		2,920				
Financial		830		830		-		-
Information technology		1,324		1,324		-		-
Telecommunications		5,061		5,061				
Mutual funds:								
Fixed-income		9,412,509		9,412,509		-		
		19,392,097		19,392,097		-		-
Investments measured at NAV:								
Fund of hedge fund limited partnerships		1,434,363	_					
Total investments		20,826,460						
Interest in net assets of CFNEK		8,629,260		_		_		8,629,260
	\$	29,455,720	\$	19,392,097	\$	_	\$	8,629,260
	<u> </u>		Ť	,				-,,

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

	June 30, 2021							
		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments:								
Fixed-income securities:								
Certificates of deposit	\$	1,007,285	\$	-	\$	1,007,285	\$	-
Equity securities, common stock:								
Consumer discretionary		5,668		5,668		-		-
Financial		2,944		2,944		-		-
Information technology		31,264		31,264		-		-
Privately held company		16,344		-		-		16,344
Mutual funds:								
Fixed-income		9,336,872		4,131,624		5,205,248		
		10,400,377		4,171,500		6,212,533		16,344
Investments measured at NAV:								
Fund of hedge fund limited partnerships		1,919,928						
Total investments		12,320,305	_					
Interest in net assets of CFNEK		10,296,819		-		-		10,296,819
	\$	22,617,124	\$	4,171,500	\$	6,212,533	\$	10,313,163

The following tables present additional information about assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis for which the Chancery has utilized Level 3 inputs to determine fair value:

	Interest in Net Assets of CFNEK	Privately Held Company
Beginning balance—July 1, 2021 Additions Unrealized losses Realized gains Withdrawals Ending balance—June 30, 2022	\$ 10,296,819 140,917 (1,792,065) 356,637 (373,048) \$ 8,629,260	\$ 16,344 - (13,344) 16,588 (19,588) \$ -
	Interest in Net Assets of CFNEK	Privately Held Company
Beginning balance—July 1, 2020 Additions Unrealized gains Realized gains Withdrawals	\$ 8,158,663 542,906 1,597,278 316,064 (318,092)	\$ 15,760 - 584 -
Ending balance—June 30, 2021	\$ 10,296,819	\$ 16,344

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table sets forth additional disclosures of the Chancery investments whose fair value is estimated using NAV per share (or its equivalent) as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Fair Value	e at June 30	Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption
Investment	2022	2021	Commitment	Frequency	Notice Period
Blackstone BREDS II (A)	\$ -	\$ 674	\$ -	Quarterly	None
Blackstone-Offshore BEPII (B)	688,366	717,943	-	Quarterly	None
Hamilton Lane (C)	235,625	293,590	-	7 years	None
HPC Millennium (D)	510,372	907,721	-	Quarterly	90 days
	\$ 1,434,363	\$ 1,919,928	\$ -		

- (A) This fund focuses on high-yield lending and purchases of legacy loans from banks and insurance companies and invests up to 30% of its capital outside of the United States, primarily in Europe.
- (B) This fund seeks to invest primarily in privately negotiated investments involving the acquisition of principally controlling or control oriented interests in the energy and natural resources sectors broadly, including those companies and projects within the following target sectors: (i) oil and gas exploration and production, (ii) midstream, (iii) energy services/equipment, (iv) petroleum refining and marketing, (v) power generation (fossil and renewable), (vi) metals, (vii) minerals/mining (including coal), (viii) timber and (ix) other sectors within the energy and natural resources industries.
- (C) This is a private credit fund, which invests in middle market leveraged loans where there is an increased need for private financing. Relative to large liquid loans, the middle market loans have higher spreads.
- (D) This is a multistrategy global and highly diversified hedge fund with a focus on investment strategies that exploit market inefficiencies to produce absolute return with low correlation to global capital markets. The underlying manager seeks to deliver absolute returns with relatively low volatility by focusing on high-level diversification, tight control of directional market exposures and a risk management framework that can result in high level of liquidity and systematic movement of capital based on real-time trading profit and losses. The manager believes that alpha is best achieved by trading professionals that are narrowly focused to maximize expertise and combined on a platform that provides trading and operational economies of scale.

The Chancery does not have assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

ASC Topic 825, Financial Instruments, requires disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including those financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring or nonrecurring basis. Financial instruments are described as cash or contractual obligations or rights to pay or to receive cash. The methodologies for estimating fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring or nonrecurring basis are discussed above. The fair value approximates carrying value for cash and cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other current liabilities due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The fair values estimates presented are based on pertinent information available to management as of June 30, 2022 and 2021. Although management is not aware of any factors that would significantly affect the estimated fair value amounts, such amounts have not been comprehensively revalued for purposes of the financial statements since that date; therefore, current estimates of fair value may differ significantly from the amounts presented herein.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4. Pledges Receivable

Included in pledges receivable are the following unconditional promises to give at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

		2022	2021
Total pledges receivable	\$	8.428.112	\$ 15.159.113
Less unamortized discount	Ψ	484,246	464,418
Less allowance for uncollectible pledges		1,312,585	1,867,127
	\$	6,631,281	\$ 12,827,568

Pledges receivable (less allowance for uncollectible pledges) at June 30, 2022, to be received in subsequent years are as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2023	\$ 5,463,861
2024	2,102,808
2025	705,242
2026	144,186
2027	 12,015
	 8,428,112
Less:	
Discount	484,246
Allowance for uncollectible	 1,312,585
Total pledges receivable	\$ 6,631,281

Note 5. Land, Buildings and Equipment

Land, buildings and equipment comprise the following at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
	* 04 000 = 04	.
Operating land and building	\$ 21,908,594	\$ 21,192,657
Possible future use sites	5,752,710	5,752,710
Furniture and equipment	3,511,457	3,891,530
	31,172,761	30,836,897
Less accumulated depreciation	19,151,997	18,598,230
	\$ 12,020,764	\$ 12,238,667

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6. Investments

Investments comprise the following at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022								
	Unrealized								
					Α	ppreciation			
		Cost		Fair Value	(D	epreciation)			
Government securities	\$	10,102,550	\$	9,969,453	\$	(133,097)			
Mutual funds		9,180,312		9,412,509		232,197			
Equity securities		120,306		10,135		(110,171)			
Alternative investments		1,348,125		1,434,363		86,238			
	\$	20,751,293	\$	20,826,460	\$	75,167			
				2021					
						Jnrealized			
						ppreciation			
		Cost		Fair Value	(D	epreciation)			
	_		_		_				
Certificates of deposit	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,007,285	\$	7,285			
Mutual funds		7,708,938		9,336,872		1,627,934			
Equity securities		150,932		56,220		(94,712)			
Alternative investments		1,775,213		1,919,928		144,715			
	\$	10,635,083	\$	12,320,305	\$	1,685,222			

The following summarizes the investment returns for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	 2022	2021
Interest and dividend income	\$ 457,009	\$ 224,457
Realized and unrealized gains on investments, net	 (1,384,012)	750,436
	\$ (927,003)	\$ 974,893

Included in the interest income amounts above are \$647 and \$711 related to interest income on loans receivable for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Loans receivable are included within accounts receivable on the statements of financial position.

Note 7. Lines of Credit

The Chancery has an unsecured line of credit with a local bank for \$5,000,000. The line matures on December 1, 2022, and has an interest rate equal to the bank's prime rate of 3.25% less 1.50% (1.75% at June 30, 2022). There were no borrowings outstanding on this line as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Interest in Net Assets of the Catholic Foundation of Northeast Kansas

The Chancery has assets invested in CFNEK that are held as endowments. The aggregate amount, recognized in the statements of financial position as an interest in the net assets of CFNEK, at June 30, 2022, is \$8,629,260 (2021—\$10,296,819). The following details the purpose restrictions of the interest in the net assets of CFNEK.

The amounts listed as with donor restrictions are donor-restricted and the earnings on these funds are restricted for the purpose stated below.

The permanently endowed funds are to be held in perpetuity. With the exception of the Archbishop Discretion Endowment and the Archdiocesan Endowment, the earnings on the endowments are restricted for the purpose stated below. The earnings on the Archbishop Discretion Endowment are without donor restrictions.

	June 30					
		2022		2021		
Without donor restrictions	\$	1,671	\$	27,877		
With donor restrictions:						
Poor and needy of the world		74,564		97,417		
Education of priests and seminarians		6,378,983		7,648,354		
Cultural outreach ministry		538,830		652,174		
Youth religious camp scholarships		660,095		717,283		
Archbishop Discretion Endowment		110,300		110,300		
Archdiocesan Endowment		15,684		15,684		
Lay ministry development		849,133		1,027,730		
		8,627,589		10,268,942		
Total	\$	8,629,260	\$	10,296,819		

Note 9. Health and Dental Care Plans

The Chancery has a self-insured health care plan, which is administered by a third-party administrator. This plan provides for payments of hospitalization and medical benefits for lay employees and priests of the Archdiocese, with excess claims funded by an insurance carrier. The carrier provided reinsurance on claims that exceed \$400,000 for the policy year ended December 31, 2020. For the policy year beginning January 1, 2021, and after, the carrier provides reinsurance on claims that exceed \$450,000. Plan premium income received for this plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$23,418,767 (2021—\$24,206,402); expenses were \$21,555,717 (2021—\$22,655,397). Total plan assets as of June 30, 2022, were \$9,270,230 (2021—\$7,407,161), which have been reflected as unrestricted designated net assets on the statements of financial position.

The Chancery also has a self-insured dental plan for lay employees and priests, which is administered by a third-party administrator. Plan premium income received for this plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$1,872,244 (2021—\$1,923,871); expenses were \$1,892,536 (2021—\$1,884,976). Total plan assets as of June 30, 2022, were \$834,723 (2021—\$855,015), which have been reflected as unrestricted designated net assets on the statements of financial position.

Incurred but not reported health and dental care claims accrued as of June 30, 2022, was \$1,300,000 (2021—\$1,300,000).

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Retirement Funds

Priest retirement plan and other benefits: The Archdiocese has a separate retirement and disability plan for priests of the Archdiocese. The plan name is the Retirement Plan for Priests of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas and the employer identification number of the plan is 48-1205425. The assets for the plan are held in a separate trust for the benefit of the participants. The fund provides a monthly pension benefit and certain health and dental insurance premiums to retired priests and is also used to provide support for priests with disabilities. The cost of providing the benefits provided under the plan shall be paid annually, as determined by the Retirement Committee acting with the advice of the plan actuary. The parishes or agencies of the Archdiocese are assessed annually for the support of the retirement plan, with additional funding provided through the annual Archbishop's Call to Share. The table below presents certain financial information about the plan from the most recent audit report and actuarial certification as of July 1, 2021:

		Pr	esent Value of			
	Total Plan	A	Accumulated		Total	
	 Net Assets	F	Plan Benefits	С	ontributions	Funded Status
July 1, 2021	\$ 9,567,842	\$	11,121,272	\$	1,241,288	More than 65% funded
July 1, 2020	8,009,218		12,426,709		1,229,696	Less than 65% funded

Contributions to this plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, from the Chancery were \$928,135 (2021—\$1,065,000).

Lay and deacon employees' retirement plan: The Archdiocese has a separate noncontributory retirement plan for lay employees. All recognized Archdiocesan organizations may participate in the plan. In accordance with plan documents, the Chancery could be required to pay the benefits of a participating organization in the event that organization could not meet its obligation. The plan name is the Retirement Plan for Lay and Deacon Employees of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas (the Lay) and the employer identification number of the plan is 48-1205425. The assets for the plan are held in a separate trust for the benefit of the participants. Employees become partially vested at three years of service and 100% vested after seven years of service. At age 65, normal retirement age, the employee is entitled to monthly pension benefits based on the highest five years' average compensation and on years of service. The death benefit for active vested employees is the accrued benefit the employee earned to date of death. The table below presents certain financial information about the plan from the most recent audit report and actuarial certification as of July 1, 2021:

		Present Value of	f	
	Total Plan	Accumulated	Total	
	Net Assets	Plan Benefits	Contributions	Funded Status
July 1, 2021	\$ 42,646,84	40 \$ 78,039,051	\$ 3,230,842	Less than 65% funded
July 1, 2020	39,593,8	75,009,642	3,186,189	Less than 65% funded

The Archdiocese approved the freezing of the Lay employees retirement plan effective January 1, 2014.

The recognized Archdiocesan organizations contributed 3.71% and 3.60% of total lay payroll dollars to the retirement plan for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Contributions to this plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, from the Chancery were \$196,114 (2021—\$185,531).

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Retirement Funds (Continued)

Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas 401(k) plan for deacons and lay employees: The Archdiocese's 401(k) plan covers deacons and lay employees. The plan allows employees to make contributions of up to 100% of their compensation, subject to Internal Revenue Service (IRS) annual limits. The Archdiocesan employers make matching contributions of up to 50% of eligible employee contributions up to 4% of pay (2% maximum). Matching contributions to this plan for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, from the Chancery were \$82,564 and \$79,265, respectively. All eligible employees receive a discretionary 2.0% contribution regardless of whether they make contributions to the plan or not. The discretionary contributions as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, were \$92,894 and \$89,704, respectively. All contributions (voluntary, match and discretionary) are sent to the plan's third-party administrator after each pay date for processing.

Note 11. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are available for the following purposes or periods at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	 2022	2021
Restrictions as to use:		
Education of priests and seminarians	\$ 6,191,757	\$ 7,154,825
One Faith, One Family, One Future in Christ	9,623,116	16,106,347
Other restricted net assets	5,850,104	3,143,338
Restrictions as to time:		
Private appeal	13,853	13,853
Endowments restricted into perpetuity	2,653,650	2,630,913
Total donor-restricted net assets	\$ 24,332,480	\$ 29,049,276

Note 12. Endowments

The Chancery has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as adopted by the state of Kansas applies to the Chancery and, in accordance with UPMIFA, the Chancery considers the following factors in determining whether to expend or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. The purpose of the Archdiocese and the donor restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation or deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Archdiocese
- 7. The investment policies of the Chancery

Spending policy: The Chancery receives a distribution from the donor-restricted endowment funds based on the language of the funds' governing documents in CFNEK. CFNEK's definition of income is determined to be 4% of the average of the previous three year-end market values. The distributions received are shown as net assets with donor restrictions for the intended purpose as stated in the endowment.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 12. Endowments (Continued)

The Chancery also receives distributions from quasi-endowments held by CFNEK. The distributions from the CFNEK quasi-endowments, for the education of priests and seminarians and cultural outreach, are 4% of the average of the previous three year-end market values. This allows for a predictable stream of funding to the programs supported by the endowment. The fund for the poor and needy of the world is governed by the specific agreement with CFNEK, which allows the Archbishop to distribute the original principal for the intended purpose.

Investment return objectives, risk parameters and strategies: The Chancery has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment funds while also maintaining the purchasing power of those endowment assets over the long term. Accordingly, the investment process seeks to achieve an aftercost total real rate of return, including investment income as well as capital appreciation, which exceeds the annual distribution with acceptable levels of risk. Endowment assets are invested in a well-diversified asset mix that is intended to result in a consistent inflation-protected rate of return that has sufficient liquidity to make an annual distribution of 4% while growing the funds, if possible. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount. Asset classes and strategies are managed to not expose the fund to unacceptable levels of risk.

The following is activity related to endowment net assets for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

			2022	
	With	nout Donor	With Donor	
	Re	strictions	Restrictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	27,877	\$ 10,268,942	\$ 10,296,819
Investment return:				
Investment income		1,493	105,181	106,674
Net depreciation (realized and unrealized)		(23,047)	(1,519,054)	(1,542,101)
Total endowment investment loss		(21,554)	(1,413,873)	(1,435,427)
Contributions		-	140,917	140,917
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure		(4,652)	(368,397)	(373,049)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	1,671	\$ 8,627,589	\$ 8,629,260
			2021	
		nout Donor	With Donor	
	Re	strictions	Restrictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	53,166	\$ 8,105,497	\$ 8,158,663
Investment return:				
Investment income		2,040	131,523	133,563
Net appreciation (depreciation) (realized and unrealized)		(22,933)	1,802,712	1,779,779
Total endowment investment income (loss)		(20,893)	1,934,235	1,913,342
Contributions		-	542,906	542,906
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure		(4,396)	(313,696)	(318,092)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	27,877	\$ 10,268,942	\$ 10,296,819

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 13. Net Assets Released From Restrictions

Net assets were released from restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose specified or by the occurrence of other events during 2022 and 2021.

	2022	2021		
Time restrictions:			_	
Archbishop's Call to Share	\$ -	\$	5,896,565	
Private appeal	-		71	
Purpose restrictions:				
One Faith, One Family, One Future in Christ	7,545,880		18,729,045	
Catholic Charities	491,271		544,640	
Education of priests and seminarians	1,726,227		1,961,179	
Pro-Life	3,013,108		-	
Contributions to various designated organizations	 651,070		801,255	
	\$ 13,427,556	\$	27,932,755	

Note 14. Board-Designated Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Board-designated net assets without donor restrictions at June 30 comprised the following:

	2022	2021
Health and dental care plans	\$ 10,104,953	\$ 8,262,176
Cor Christi	15,355,380	12,991,660
Archbishop's Call to Share	7,366,764	6,876,638
Special reserve fund	4,777,871	4,975,085
Other designations	 3,677,151	3,137,000
	\$ 41,282,119	\$ 36,242,559

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 15. Functional Expense Allocation

The Chancery office classified expenses functional for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, as follows:

Ju	na	30	2	าว	2
Ju		JU	. ~!	JZ.	Z

	Program Services											Supportir	ng Se	ervices	
		Conversion	E١	/angelization		Education		Outreach	Outreach Stewardship		Administrative			Other	Total
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,236,509	\$	1,041,399	\$	1,921,268	\$	574,593	\$	1,881,193	\$	820,938	\$	77,319	\$ 7,553,219
Professional fees and services		178.277		54.841		154.234		38.079		229.600		198.771		193.696	1.047.498
Occupancy		434.600		285,878		124,261		50,594		162,374		382,692		115,139	1,555,538
Technology		3,094		9,025		14,566		4,258		101,343		30,234		235,638	398,158
Ministry and other		608,723		992,659		2,347,128		729,722		666,325		419,856		15,676	5,780,089
Religious		6,514		2,600		-		248		-		1,878		-	11,240
Subsidies and contributions		511,622		304,674		1,831,663		4,054,587		9,055,825		62,595		-	15,820,966
Depreciation and amortization		16,273		18,372		10,434		3,291		537,715		28,557		8,726	623,368
Diocesan insurance	_	10,240		-		-		-		-		-		24,015,851	24,026,091
	\$	3,005,852	\$	2,709,448	\$	6,403,554	\$	5,455,372	\$	12,634,375	\$	1,945,521	\$	24,662,045	\$ 56,816,167

June 30, 2021

	Program Services										Supporting Services					
	Conversion		Evangelization		Education		Outreach		Stewardship		Administrative		Other		Total	
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,092,444	\$	918,493	\$	1,836,862	\$	510,850	\$	1,930,514	\$	792,469	\$	24,915	\$	7,106,547
Professional fees																
and services		100,587		30,397		148,480		39,493		472,853		160,317		-		952,127
Occupancy		418,750		239,134		131,960		53,149		190,924		418,309		80,397		1,532,623
Technology		2,701		13,180		5,706		1,918		74,840		31,872		228,460		358,677
Ministry and other		419,403		659,148		2,268,479		250,124		1,227,780		364,471		23,115		5,212,520
Religious		23,057		374		28		600		-		1,264		-		25,323
Subsidies and contributions		526,149		241,040		1,881,412		1,758,828		19,224,999		117,338		-		23,749,766
Depreciation and amortization		18,637		16,416		12,506		2,225		627,897		55,597		8,726		742,004
Diocesan insurance		1,643		-		-		-		-		-		24,962,246		24,963,889
	\$	2,603,371	\$	2,118,182	\$	6,285,433	\$	2,617,187	\$	23,749,807	\$	1,941,637	\$	25,327,859	\$	64,643,476

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 16. Paycheck Protection Program Loan

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was signed into law and is meant to address the economic fallout from the COVID-19 pandemic. In connection with the CARES Act, the Chancery received the first round of a Small Business Administration (SBA) Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loan for \$1,425,700 on April 9, 2020. The Chancery elected to account for the first-round PPP loan as a financial liability as of June 30, 2020, in accordance with ASC Topic 470, Debt. On February 17, 2021, the lender forgave the loan and the Chancery was released as the primary obligor. Therefore, the full amount of the loan of \$1,425,700 was recognized as gain on debt forgiveness in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The Chancery applied for and received a second PPP loan totaling \$1,556,115 in February 2021. Under the provision of the CARES Act, this loan was subject to forgiveness if certain conditions were met related to the use of the proceeds and maintenance of employment with Chancery employees. The Chancery applied for forgiveness in June 2021. The Chancery elected to account for the funds as a conditional contribution in accordance with ASC Subtopic 958-605, Revenue Recognition—Contributions. As all the conditions for forgiveness had been substantially met as of June 30, 2021, the full amount was recognized as gain on debt forgiveness in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. On July 26, 2021, the lender forgave the loan and the Chancery was released as the primary obligor.

PPP loans are subject to an audit by the SBA for six years following the date of forgiveness, at which time a refund of all or a portion of the loan may be required.

Note 17. Commitments and Contingencies

The Chancery has not been named as a defendant in any significant lawsuits.

The Chancery has approximately 6.3% participation interest in Catholic Umbrella Pool II (the Pool), a separate and distinct fund within The Catholic Mutual Relief Society of America, Administrator for the Pool. This entirely separate and distinct fund is a self-insurance fund providing excess liability coverage for its membership, which consists of 57 small- to medium-sized dioceses. Effective January 1, 2013, the Pool is responsible for 20% of individual casualty claims of its members, which exceeds \$500,000 to a limit of \$10,000,000. Participating dioceses are liable (in proportion to their participation interest) for any losses beyond the Pool's ability to fund such losses. The Chancery has not experienced such losses.

Note 18. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated and disclosed subsequent events up to and including October 7, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.