

This notice serves as confirmation that I/we have designated a gift beyond my/our lifetime to the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas benefiting the *Archbishop's Call to Share*.

Name	Parish	
Address	City, State	Zip
PhoneEmail		
Birthdate (mm/dd/yyyy)	Spouse's birthdate	
Please describe your deferred gift (or	attach a copy of the documentation, if you prefer	-):
□ Will □ Revocable "Living" Trust	☐ IRA or Other Retirement Account ☐ Life Insul	rance
☐ Charitable Remainder Trust ☐ Do	nor Advised Fund 🛛 Charitable Gift Annuity	
□ Real Estate □ TOD/POD Account	□ Other:	
Name on Account:		
Company name where account is held	l:	
Company phone		
If you are comfortable doing so, please	e provide an estimate of the current value of you	r deferred gift. This estimate
will help with planning for the future.	Estimate: Percent	of Estate:
· ·	ey have designated a gift in their will or estate place emetery, organization or ministry within the Archd Legacy Society (CLS).	•
Please indicate any other gifts to Catho	olic causes within the Archdiocese you have design	nated beyond your lifetime.
Entity name(s):		
May your name(s) be included in dono confidence.	r rosters of Catholic Legacy Society members? Gif	t details are always held in strict
☐ Yes, you may print my/our name(s)	in Legacy Society listings published by the Catho	lic Foundation of Northeast Kansas
\square No, I wish to remain anonymous. Pl	ease do not print my/our name(s) in Catholic Leg	gacy Society listings.
Signature:	Signature:	Date:
	ur estate. By signing this form, you are simply act	

This document does not bind you or your estate. By signing this form, you are simply acknowledging your current plans to benefit the Church and her ministries in the future. Gifts of any size are always appreciated.

Provided by the Office of Stewardship and Development of the Archdiocese of Kansas City in Kansas

1) Specific Bequest

This is a gift of a specific item to a specific beneficiary. For example, "I give my house to <parish name, city, state>." If that specific property has been disposed of before death, the bequest fails and no claim can be made to any other property.

2) General Bequest

This is usually a gift of a stated sum of money. It will not fail, even if there is not sufficient cash to meet the bequest—even if other assets need to be sold. For example, "I give \$50,000 to <parish name, city, state>."

3) Percentage Bequest

Using percentages can be a simple way to ensure that heirs benefit proportionately if your estate grows or shrinks during your lifetime. "I give, devise, and bequeath 10 percent of my estate to <parish name, city, state>." This is a convenient way of making sure your heirs and those charities you support share in equal shares. "I give, devise, and bequeath my estate to each of my three children and <parish name, city, state> in equal shares."

4) Endowed Bequest

5) Beneficiary Designation

One of the simplest and cheapest ways to add charity to your estate plan is to change a beneficiary designation on retirement assets, IRAs or Life Insurance. A gift made this way does not pass through probate, and there is no charge to make these changes. Any asset with a beneficiary designation can have a full, partial, or contingent beneficiary. Consult your plan administrator or insurance company for a beneficiary change form. Simply insert the charity name and address into the form. If the full name doesn't fit in the space provided, ask for help from the company providing the form or the Archdiocese.

6) Transfer on Death (TOD) or Pay on Death (POD)

TOD or POD designations are available on many bank accounts and real estate. These designations can be used as an efficient way to transfer assets to your desired beneficiary. Just enter the name of the charity on the TOD or POD. The form may require a tax ID for the recipient charity that can be obtained from the designated charity.